

SO. CAL. EQUAL ACCESS GROUP  
Jason J. Kim (SBN 190246)  
Jason Yoon (SBN 306137)  
Kevin Hong (SBN 299040)  
101 S. Western Ave., Second Floor  
Los Angeles, CA 90004  
Telephone: (213) 252-8008  
Facsimile: (213) 252-8009  
scalequalaccess@yahoo.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff  
NELSON CHILIN

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

NELSON CHILIN,  
Plaintiff,  
vs.

D & F ONTARIO LLC; and DOES 1 to  
10,  
Defendants.

**Case No.:**

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE  
RELIEF AND DAMAGES FOR DENIAL  
OF CIVIL RIGHTS OF A DISABLED  
PERSON IN VIOLATIONS OF

1. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES  
ACT, 42 U.S.C. §12131 et seq.;

2. CALIFORNIA'S UNRUH CIVIL  
RIGHTS ACT;

3. CALIFORNIA'S DISABLED  
PERSONS ACT;

4. CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY  
CODE;

5. NEGLIGENCE

Plaintiff NELSON CHILIN ("Plaintiff") complains of Defendants D & F  
ONTARIO LLC; and DOES 1 to 10 ("Defendants") and alleges as follows:

**PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff is a California resident with a physical disability. Plaintiff is a  
paraplegic due to spinal cord injury and is substantially limited in his ability to walk.  
Plaintiff requires the use of a wheelchair at all times when traveling in public.

1           2.     Defendants are, or were at the time of the incident, the real property owners,  
2 business operators, lessors and/or lessees of the real property for a liquor store  
3 (“Business”) located at or about 1329 E. Holt Blvd., Ontario, California.

4           3.     The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or  
5 otherwise of Defendant DOES 1 through 10, and each of them, are unknown to Plaintiff,  
6 who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will ask leave of  
7 Court to amend this Complaint when the true names and capacities have been  
8 ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and, based thereon, alleges that each such  
9 fictitiously named Defendants are responsible in some manner, and therefore, liable to  
10 Plaintiff for the acts herein alleged.

11           4.     Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that, at all relevant  
12 times, each of the Defendants was the agent, employee, or alter-ego of each of the other  
13 Defendants, and/or was acting in concert with each of the other Defendants, and in doing  
14 the things alleged herein was acting with the knowledge and consent of the other  
15 Defendants and within the course and scope of such agency or employment relationship.

16           5.     Whenever and wherever reference is made in this Complaint to any act or  
17 failure to act by a defendant or Defendants, such allegations and references shall also be  
18 deemed to mean the acts and failures to act of each Defendant acting individually, jointly  
19 and severally.

#### 20                                   **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

21           6.     The Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 USC §§ 1331 and  
22 1343 for violation of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, (42 USC §12101, *et*  
23 *seq.*).

24           7.     Pursuant to pendant jurisdiction, attendant and related causes of action,  
25 arising from the same nucleus of operating facts, are also brought under California law,  
26 including, but not limited to, violations of California Civil Code §§51, 51.5, 52(a), 52.1,  
27 54, 54., 54.3 and 55.

28           8.     Plaintiff’s claims are authorized by 28 USC §§ 2201 and 2202.

1           9.     Venue is proper in this court pursuant to 28 USC §1391(b). Defendants  
2 reside in this district, San Bernardino County, California.

3                                   **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

4           10.    In or about July of 2023, Plaintiff went to the Business.

5           11.    The Business is a liquor store business establishment, open to the public, and  
6 is a place of public accommodation that affects commerce through its operation.  
7 Defendants provide parking spaces for customers.

8           12.    While attempting to enter the Business during each visit, Plaintiff personally  
9 encountered a number of barriers that interfered with his ability to use and enjoy the  
10 goods, services, privileges, and accommodations offered at the Business.

11          13.    To the extent of Plaintiff's personal knowledge, the barriers at the Business  
12 included, but were not limited to, the following:

- 13               a.     Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
14                   the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
15                   failed to provide the parking space identification sign with the  
16                   International Symbol of Accessibility.
- 17               b.     Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
18                   the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
19                   failed to post required signage such as "Van Accessible," "Minimum  
20                   Fine \$250" and "Unauthorized Parking."
- 21               c.     Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
22                   the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
23                   failed to provide proper van accessible space designated for the  
24                   persons with disabilities as there were no "NO PARKING" markings  
25                   painted on the surface of the access aisle.
- 26               d.     Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
27                   the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
28

1 failed to mark the space with the International Symbol of  
2 Accessibility.

3 e. Defendants failed to maintain the parking space designated for  
4 persons with disabilities to comply with the federal and state  
5 standards. Defendants failed to maintain the paint on the ground as  
6 required.

7 f. Defendants failed to maintain accessibility for persons with  
8 disabilities to comply with the federal and state standards. Defendants  
9 failed to provide at least one accessible entrance as required as the  
10 ramp that runs up to the entrance did not have level landing and had a  
11 slope that was too steep.

12 14. These barriers and conditions denied Plaintiff the full and equal access to the  
13 Business and caused Plaintiff difficulty and frustration. Plaintiff wishes to return and  
14 patronize the Business; however, Plaintiff is deterred from visiting the Business because  
15 his knowledge of these violations prevents him from returning until the barriers are  
16 removed.

17 15. Based on the violations, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that  
18 there are additional barriers to accessibility at the Business after further site inspection.  
19 Plaintiff seeks to have all barriers related to his disability remedied. *See Doran v. 7-*  
20 *Eleven, Inc.* 524 F.3d 1034 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2008).

21 16. In addition, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that Defendants  
22 knew that particular barriers render the Business inaccessible, violate state and federal  
23 law, and interfere with access for the physically disabled.

24 17. At all relevant times, Defendants had and still have control and dominion  
25 over the conditions at this location and had and still have the financial resources to  
26 remove these barriers without much difficulty or expenses to make the Business  
27 accessible to the physically disabled in compliance with ADDAG and Title 24  
28

1 regulations. Defendants have not removed such barriers and have not modified the  
2 Business to conform to accessibility regulations.

3 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

4 **VIOLATION OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990**

5 18. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
6 paragraphs in this complaint.

7 19. Under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (“ADA”), no individual  
8 shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of  
9 the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of any place of  
10 public accommodation by any person who owns, leases, or leases to, or operates a place  
11 of public accommodation. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).

12 20. Discrimination, *inter alia*, includes:

- 13 a. A failure to make reasonable modification in policies, practices, or  
14 procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford such  
15 goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations  
16 to individuals with disabilities, unless the entity can demonstrate that  
17 making such modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of  
18 such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or  
19 accommodations. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii).
- 20 b. A failure to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that no  
21 individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or  
22 otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the  
23 absence of auxiliary aids and services, unless the entity can  
24 demonstrate that taking such steps would fundamentally alter the  
25 nature of the good, service, facility, privilege, advantage, or  
26 accommodation being offered or would result in an undue burden. 42  
27 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iii).
- 28

- 1 c. A failure to remove architectural barriers, and communication barriers  
2 that are structural in nature, in existing facilities, and transportation  
3 barriers in existing vehicles and rail passenger cars used by an  
4 establishment for transporting individuals (not including barriers that  
5 can only be removed through the retrofitting of vehicles or rail  
6 passenger cars by the installation of a hydraulic or other lift), where  
7 such removal is readily achievable. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).
- 8 d. A failure to make alterations in such a manner that, to the maximum  
9 extent feasible, the altered portions of the facility are readily  
10 accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities, including  
11 individuals who use wheelchairs or to ensure that, to the maximum  
12 extent feasible, the path of travel to the altered area and the  
13 bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered  
14 area, are readily accessible to and usable by individuals with  
15 disabilities where such alterations to the path or travel or the  
16 bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered area  
17 are not disproportionate to the overall alterations in terms of cost and  
18 scope. 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(2).

19 21. Where parking spaces are provided, accessible parking spaces shall be  
20 provided. 1991 ADA Standards § 4.1.2(5); 2010 ADA Standards § 208. One in every  
21 eight accessible spaces, but not less than one, shall be served by an access aisle 96 in  
22 (2440 mm) wide minimum and shall be designated “van accessible.” 1991 ADA  
23 Standards § 4.1.2(5)(b). For every six or fraction of six parking spaces, at least one shall  
24 be a van accessible parking space. 2010 ADA Standards § 208.2.4.

25 22. Under the ADA, the method and color of marking are to be addressed by  
26 State or local laws or regulations. See 36 C.F.R., Part 1191. Under the California  
27 Building Code (“CBC”), the parking space identification signs shall include the  
28 International Symbol of Accessibility. Parking identification signs shall be reflectorized

1 with a minimum area of 70 square inches. Additional language or an additional sign  
2 below the International Symbol of Accessibility shall state "Minimum Fine \$250." A  
3 parking space identification sign shall be permanently posted immediately adjacent and  
4 visible from each parking space, shall be located with its centerline a maximum of 12  
5 inches from the centerline of the parking space and may be posted on a wall at the  
6 interior end of the parking space. See CBC § 11B-502.6, et seq.

7 23. Moreover, an additional sign shall be posted either in a conspicuous place at  
8 each entrance to an off-street parking facility or immediately adjacent to on-site  
9 accessible parking and visible from each parking space. The additional sign shall not be  
10 less than 17 inches wide by 22 inches high. The additional sign shall clearly state in  
11 letters with a minimum height of 1 inch the following: "Unauthorized vehicles parked in  
12 designated accessible spaces not displaying distinguishing placards or special license  
13 plates issued for persons with disabilities will be towed always at the owner's expense..."  
14 See CBC § 11B-502.8, et seq.

15 24. Here, Defendants failed to provide the parking space identification sign with  
16 the International Symbol of Accessibility. In addition, Defendants failed to provide the  
17 signs stating, "Minimum Fine \$250" and "Van Accessible." Moreover, Defendants failed  
18 to provide the additional sign with the specific language stating "Unauthorized vehicles  
19 parked in designated accessible spaces not displaying distinguishing placards or special  
20 license plates issued for persons with disabilities will be towed always at the owner's  
21 expense..."

22 25. For the parking spaces, access aisles shall be marked with a blue painted  
23 borderline around their perimeter. The area within the blue borderlines shall be marked  
24 with hatched lines a maximum of 36 inches (914 mm) on center in a color contrasting  
25 with that of the aisle surface, preferably blue or white. The words "NO PARKING" shall  
26 be painted on the surface within each access aisle in white letters a minimum of 12 inches  
27 (305 mm) in height and located to be visible from the adjacent vehicular way. CBC §  
28 11B-502.3.3.



1           26. Here, Defendants failed to provide a proper access aisle as there were no  
2 “NO PARKING” markings painted on the parking surface. Additionally, the blue  
3 hatched lines, which indicate the presence of the access aisle were deteriorated, hindering  
4 visibility.

5           27. The surface of each accessible car and van space shall have surface  
6 identification complying with either of the following options: The outline of a profile  
7 view of a wheelchair with occupant in white on a blue background a minimum 36” wide  
8 by 36” high (914 mm x 914 mm). The centerline of the profile view shall be a maximum  
9 of 6 inches (152 mm) from the centerline of the parking space, its sides parallel to the  
10 length of the parking space and its lower side or corner aligned with the end of the  
11 parking space length or by outlining or painting the parking space in blue and outlining  
12 on the ground in white or a suitable contrasting color a profile view of a wheel chair with  
13 occupant. See CBC § 11B-502.6.4, et seq.

14           28. Here, Defendants failed to paint the International Symbol of Accessibility on  
15 the surface as required.

16           29. At least one accessible route shall connect accessible building, facilities,  
17 elements, and spaces that are on the same site. 1991 ADA Standards § 4.3.2. A public  
18 accommodation shall maintain in operable working condition those features of facilities  
19 and equipment that are required to be readily accessible to and usable by persons with  
20 disabilities by the Act or this part. 28 C.F.R. 35.211(a).

21           30. Here, Defendants failed to provide at least one accessible entrance to the  
22 Business as the ramp that runs up to the entrance did not have level landing and had a  
23 slope that was too steep.

24           31. A public accommodation shall maintain in operable working condition those  
25 features of facilities and equipment that are required to be readily accessible to and usable  
26 by persons with disabilities by the Act or this part. 28 C.F.R. 35.211(a).



1           32. By failing to maintain the facility to be readily accessible and usable by  
2 Plaintiff, Defendants are in violation of Plaintiff's rights under the ADA and its related  
3 regulations.

4           33. The Business has denied and continues to deny full and equal access to  
5 Plaintiff and to other people with disabilities. Plaintiff has been and will continue to be  
6 discriminated against due to the lack of accessible facilities, and therefore, seeks  
7 injunctive relief to alter facilities to make such facilities readily accessible to and usable  
8 by individuals with disabilities.

9                                   **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

10                           **VIOLATION OF THE UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT**

11           34. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
12 paragraphs in this complaint.

13           35. California Civil Code § 51 states, "All persons within the jurisdiction of this  
14 state are free and equal, and no matter what their sex, race, color, religion, ancestry,  
15 national origin, disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sexual  
16 orientation, citizenship, primary language, or immigration status are entitled to the full  
17 and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business  
18 establishments of every kind whatsoever."

19           36. California Civil Code § 52 states, "Whoever denies, aids or incites a denial,  
20 or make any discrimination or distinction contrary to Section 51, 51.5, or 51.6, is liable  
21 for each and every offense for the actual damages, and any amount that may be  
22 determined by a jury, or a court sitting without a jury, up to a maximum of three times the  
23 amount of actual damage but in no case less than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) and any  
24 attorney's fees that may be determined by the court in addition thereto, suffered by any  
25 person denied the rights provided in Section 51, 51.5, or 51.6.

26           37. California Civil Code § 51(f) specifies, "a violation of the right of any  
27 individual under federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336)  
28 shall also constitute a violation of this section."



1 case less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and any attorney's fees that may be  
 2 determined by the court in addition thereto, suffered by any person denied the rights  
 3 provided in Section 54, 54.1, and 54.2.

4 43. California Civil Code § 54(d) specifies, "a violation of the right of an  
 5 individual under Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) also  
 6 constitute a violation of this section, and nothing in this section shall be construed to limit  
 7 the access of any person in violation of that act.

8 44. The actions and omissions of Defendants alleged herein constitute a denial  
 9 of full and equal accommodation, advantages, and facilities by physically disabled  
 10 persons within the meaning of California Civil Code § 54. Defendants have  
 11 discriminated against Plaintiff in violation of California Civil Code § 54.

12 45. The violations of the California Disabled Persons Act caused Plaintiff to  
 13 experience difficulty, discomfort, and embarrassment. The Defendants are also liable for  
 14 statutory damages as specified in California Civil Code §55.56(a)-(c).

#### 15 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### 16 **CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE § 19955, et seq.**

17 46. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
 18 paragraphs in this complaint.

19 47. Plaintiff and other similar physically disabled persons who require the use of  
 20 a wheelchair are unable to use public facilities on a "full and equal" basis unless each  
 21 such facility is in compliance with the provisions of California Health & Safety Code §  
 22 19955 et seq. Plaintiff is a member of the public whose rights are protected by the  
 23 provisions of California Health & Safety Code § 19955 et seq.

24 48. The purpose of California Health & Safety Code § 1995 et seq. is to ensure  
 25 that public accommodations or facilities constructed in this state with private funds  
 26 adhere to the provisions of Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 4450) of Division 5 of  
 27 Title 1 of the Government Code. The code relating to such public accommodations also  
 28 require that "when sanitary facilities are made available for the public, clients, or

1 employees in these stations, centers, or buildings, they shall be made available for  
2 persons with disabilities.

3 49. Title II of the ADA holds as a “general rule” that no individual shall be  
4 discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of goods  
5 (or use), services, facilities, privileges, and accommodations offered by any person who  
6 owns, operates, or leases a place of public accommodation. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).  
7 Further, each and every violation of the ADA also constitutes a separate and distinct  
8 violation of California Civil Code §§ 54(c) and 54.1(d), thus independently justifying an  
9 award of damages and injunctive relief pursuant to California law, including but not  
10 limited to Civil Code § 54.3 and Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq.

11 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

12 **NEGLIGENCE**

13 50. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
14 paragraphs in this complaint.

15 51. Defendants have a general duty and a duty under the ADA, Unruh Civil  
16 Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act to provide safe and accessible facilities  
17 to the Plaintiff.

18 52. Defendants breached their duty of care by violating the provisions of ADA,  
19 Unruh Civil Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act.

20 53. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants’ negligent conduct, Plaintiff  
21 has suffered damages.

22 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

23 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully prays for relief and judgment against  
24 Defendants as follows:

25 1. For preliminary and permanent injunction directing Defendants to comply  
26 with the Americans with Disability Act and the Unruh Civil Rights Act;

27 2. Award of all appropriate damages, including but not limited to statutory  
28 damages, general damages and treble damages in amounts, according to proof;

1           3.     Award of all reasonable restitution for Defendants' unfair competition  
2 practices;

3           4.     Reasonable attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs of suit in this  
4 action;

5           5.     Prejudgment interest pursuant to California Civil Code § 3291; and

6           6.     Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

7                           **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

8           Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby  
9 demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

10  
11 Dated: October 3, 2023

SO. CAL. EQUAL ACCESS GROUP

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14 By: /s/ Jason J. Kim  
15 Jason J. Kim, Esq.  
16 Attorneys for Plaintiff  
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